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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/037,871	01/03/2002 Todd G. Culman		SJ09-2000-0178	4800
7590 04/19/2006			EXAMINER	
WAGNER, MURABITO & HAO LLP			PENDLETON, BRIAN T	
TWO NORTH MARKET STREET THIRD FLOOR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN JOSE, C	A 95113		2615	

DATE MAILED: 04/19/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/037,871	CULMAN ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Brian T. Pendleton	2615	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAISIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONED	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a)⊠ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Fe This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Dispositi	on of Claims		,	
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ 8)□ Applicati	Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-14 and 20-22 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 15-19 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 03 January 2002 is/are:	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r.	to by the Examiner	
_	Applicant may not request that any objection to the objection to the object that any objection to the object to the correction of the corr	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) <u></u> / a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorical application from the International Bureau ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage	
Attachment	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary ((PTO.413)	
2) 🔲 Notice 3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da		

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 2/10/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant initially argues that Sampietro et al does not teach noise reduction means integrated within the housing. Examiner disagrees with that characterization of the reference. Sampietro explicitly discloses that the noise reducing elements 24, 26, 28, and 30 are mounted to the housing and elements 26, 28, and 30 are mounted to a side wall and floor of the housing, as illustrated in figure 1. It is evident that the elements are integrated within the housing. Furthermore, in column 2 lines 47-50, the reference suggests that the elements can be mounted in other locations. Applicant points to column 2 lines 19-21 in an attempt to claim that the reference teaches away from noise reduction elements integrated with the housing. The abovementioned section only discloses that the components of a disc drive fill the entire volume of a housing and does not preclude other components formed integrally within the housing. Applicant asserts that Eatwell does not remedy the alleged deficiency of Sampietro, an integrated noise reduction means. However, Eatwell is not relied upon for that feature. Examiner maintains that the feature is taught by Sampietro and Eatwell is relied upon for disclosing that disc drives can have noise suppressed using a loudspeaker broadcasting a noise reducing waveform.

Applicant contends that the combination of Sampietro and Eatwell does not disclose a noise reduction means integrated within the housing for actively reducing noise by broadcasting a noise reducing waveform that is generated from said noise. In addition, it is alleged that

McLean does not disclose or suggest that feature. Examiner asserts that the feature was disclosed by Sampietro and the rejection is maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8, 11, 12, 20-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sampietro et al in view of Eatwell et al. Sampietro discloses an active noise cancellation system in a disc drive comprising a housing 12, storage medium 16, spindle 17 (inherently having a motor drive), a transducer for accessing the storage medium attached to actuator arm assembly 20 and noise reduction means (piezoelectric devices) 24, 26, 28, and 30, which are integrated within the housing (see figure 1). Sampietro does not disclose that the noise reduction means broadcasts a noise reducing waveform that is generated from the noise. Eatwell discloses a personal computer with active noise reduction and piezoelectric speakers. Figure 15 discloses the computer with active noise reduction circuitry 107 and hard disc drive 110. Column 6 line 54 – column 7 line 8 discloses that the active noise reduction circuitry is used to quiet fan noise and hard disk drive noise. Figure 16 discloses that the noise reduction circuitry comprises a loudspeaker 117 which broadcasts a noise reducing waveform that is generated from the noise collected by microphone 102. Thus, it was well known that acoustic noise is generated externally from a hard disk drive and needed to be cancelled. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to also reduce noise external from the hard

disk drive 10 of Sampietro for the purpose of improving the sound quality of electronic device of which it is a part of. Claims 1 and 21 are met. Per claim 2, column 1 of Sampietro discloses that noise is generated by the disc drive actuation system which are components within the housing. Regarding claims 3, 4, and 7, controller 54 of Sampietro acts as a waveform generating means and Eatwell discloses the active noise reduction circuitry in figure 17. The circuitry comprises a microphone (transducer) 121 to detect the acoustic noise and filters 118-120 to generate a noise reducing waveform. It was well known, as evidenced by Eatwell, to detect noise with a microphone and use the microphone signal as a reference signal for generating a noise reducing signal. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention use the circuitry of Eatwell with a microphone, in the apparatus of Sampietro for the purpose of getting an accurate representation of the ambient noise that needed to be cancelled around the hard disc drive. Per claim 5, column 3 lines 56-60 discloses that the noise reducing waveform is out of phase with the acoustic noise. As to claim 6, the cancellation signal produced by controller 54 is opposite in phase, which is 180 degrees out of phase with the acoustic noise. Per claim 8, the circuitry in Eatwell discloses a filter. As to claim 11, the noise reduction is based on spindle rotation which is a moving component in the housing 12. Per claim 12, column 3 lines 45-52 also discloses that the noise reducing waveform is based on monitoring the actuation system which inherently includes the actuator. As to claim 20, there is disclosed a housing 12, magnetic storage medium 16, an inherent motor drive, slider 20, actuator assembly 20, noise reduction means 24, 26, 28 and 30, and control unit 32. As to claim 22, Sampietro discloses a data storage device having a housing, storage medium, motor drive, transducer, actuator and noise reduction means for reducing acoustic noise. As stated above, it would have

been obvious to cancel acoustic noise from a source external of the housing per the teachings of Eatwell. The combination of Sampietro and Eatwell do not teach a plurality of data storage devices in a support structure. However, there is no patentable weight associated with a plurality of obvious apparatuses grouped together. It was well known at the time of invention to have a plurality of hard disc drives in computers, especially multi-media computers. Thus, each drive (data storage device) would create acoustic noise along with the other structures of the computer. It would have been beneficial to design an acoustic noise reduction system to cancel all the noise sources for the purpose of producing a quiet computing environment.

Claims 9, 10, 13, 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sampietro in view of Eatwell and further in view of McLean. The combination of Samprieto and Eatwell does not disclose the waveform generating means having stored noise reducing waveforms. McLean discloses an active noise control system comprising a sensors 30, 34, control unit 14 and memory 18. The memory 18 stores cancellation waveform data which is used by the control unit 14 to cancel engine noise. Paragraph 0009 relates that it was beneficial to store cancellation signals in memory to obviate the need to calculate them in real time. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to store noise reducing waveforms in the combination of Sampietro and Eatwell for the purpose of reducing processing calculations. As to claim 10, it was obvious to use any of the claimed memory structures for storage of the waveforms. One of ordinary skill in the art would have realized the benefits of each. Regarding claim 13, McLean discloses correlating cancellation waveform data with engine speed data. As applied to Sampietro and Eatwell, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to store cancellation waveforms matching with motor

drive or actuator characteristics, as those are the main components of noise in a hard disc drive.

Per claim 14, it was obvious to have a waveform generator which creates the noise reducing waveforms during offline operation of the hard disc drive (see paragraph 11).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 15-19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Brian T. Pendleton whose telephone number is (571) 272-7527.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Vivian Chin can be reached on (571) 272-7848. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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btp

BRIAN TYRONE PENDLETON

3.2.3

PRIMARY EXAMINER